

EJERCICIO F2BE2097:

$$v = 0,5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$T = 4 \text{ s} \text{ (tiempo mínimo 2 puntos en fase)}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = 0 \text{ m} \\ t = 1 \text{ s} \end{array} \right\} y = 0; \text{ v es negativa}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} t = 3 \text{ s} \\ x = 0,5 \text{ m} \end{array} \right\} y = -0,2 \text{ m}$$

Ecuación de onda:

$$y(x,t) = A \text{ sen}(\omega t - kx + \varphi_0)$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ rad/s}$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}; \quad v = \frac{\lambda}{T} \Rightarrow \lambda = v \cdot T \Rightarrow \lambda = 0,5 \cdot 4 = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi \text{ rad/m}$$

$$y(x,t) = A \cdot \text{sen}\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t - \pi x + \varphi_0\right) \quad (\text{m})$$

$$\text{En } \left. \begin{array}{l} x = 0 \text{ m} \\ t = 1 \text{ s} \end{array} \right\} y = 0 \text{ m.}$$

$$y(0,1) = A \cdot \text{sen}\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 1 - \pi \cdot 0 + \varphi_0\right)$$

$$0 = A \cdot \text{sen}\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \varphi_0\right)$$

$$\text{sen}\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \varphi_0\right) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \frac{\pi}{2} + \varphi_0 = 0 \text{ rad?} \\ \frac{\pi}{2} + \varphi_0 = \pi \text{ rad?} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \varphi_0 = 0 \Rightarrow \varphi_0 = -\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ ??}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \varphi_0 = \pi \Rightarrow \varphi_0 = \pi - \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ ??}$$

¿Cuál será?

$$v(x,t) = \frac{d[y(x,t)]}{dt}$$

$$v(x,t) = A \cdot \frac{\omega}{2} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\omega}{2}t - \pi x + \varphi_0\right) \text{ (m/s)}$$

En $x=0$ } v es negativa
 $t=1$

$$v(x,t) = A \cdot \frac{\omega}{2} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\omega}{2} \cdot 1 - \pi \cdot 0 + \varphi_0\right)$$

$$v(x,t) = A \cdot \frac{\omega}{2} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\omega}{2} + \varphi_0\right)$$

para que v sea negativa, el $\cos\left(\frac{\omega}{2} + \varphi_0\right)$
debe que sea negativo;

$$\text{Si } \varphi_0 = -\frac{\omega}{2} \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\omega}{2} - \frac{\omega}{2}\right) = \cos 0 \Rightarrow \text{No negativo!}$$

$$\text{Si } \varphi_0 = \frac{\omega}{2} \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\omega}{2} + \frac{\omega}{2}\right) = \cos \pi \Rightarrow \text{Si NEGATIVO}$$

Para la amplitud:

$$t=3\text{s} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} y = -0,2\text{m} \\ x = 0,5\text{m} \end{array} \right.$$

$$y(x,t) = A \cdot \text{sen}\left(\frac{\omega}{2}t - \pi x + \frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$-0,2 = A \cdot \text{sen}\left(\frac{\omega}{2} \cdot 3 - \pi \cdot 0,5 + \frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$-0,2 = A \cdot \text{sen} \frac{3\pi}{2}^{-1}$$

$$-0,2 = A(-1) \Rightarrow A = 0,2\text{m}$$

$$y(x,t) = 0,2 \cdot \text{sen}\left(\frac{\omega}{2}t - \pi x + \frac{\omega}{2}\right) \text{ (m)}$$