

EXERCICIO 142BE1825:

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Discutir y resolver cuando sea posible:

$$\left. \begin{array}{rcl} 2x - 3y + az & = & 1 \\ x & + & z = 0 \\ 3x + y - 3z & = & a \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & a & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -3 & a \end{array} \right)$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_A$
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{A^*}$

Rango de A:

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & a \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 0 - 9 + a + 0 - 9 - 2 = a - 20$$

$$a - 20 = 0 \Rightarrow a = 20$$

Si $a \neq 20 \Rightarrow R(A) = R(A^*) = 3 = u^6$ de Jacóguita
El sistema será compatible determinado por el Teorema de Rouché-Fröbenius.

Si $a = 20$, $R(A) \neq 3$ porque $|A| = 0$
 $R(A) < 3$, reamof

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 20 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad R(A) = 2; \text{ si } a = 20$$

$R(A^*) = ?$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 20 \end{vmatrix} = 1 + 60 \neq 0 \quad R(A^*) = 3; \text{ si } a = 20$$

Si $a = 20 \Rightarrow R(A) = 2; R(A^*) = 3$. S. INCOMPATIBLE